What is claimed is:

- 1. A process for producing a hyaluronan (HA) ester, the process comprising the steps of:
 - (a) performing a silylation reaction on an HA-quaternary ammonium complex; and
 - (b) performing an acylation reaction on the silyl HA-quaternary ammonium complex using an acid chloride.
- 2. The process of claim 1 wherein:
 - (a) the step of performing a silylation reaction comprises silyating an HA-cetyltrimethyl ammonium salt complex, HA-CTA, producing a silyl HA-cetyltrimethyl ammonium salt complex; and
 - (b) the step of performing an acylation reaction comprises introducing the acid chloride having been selected from aliphatic acyl groups consisting of: Hexanoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₄COCl; Octanoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₆COCl; Decanoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₈COCl; Lauroyl, CH₃(CH₂)₁₀COCl; Palmitoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₁₄COCl; and Stearoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COCl.
- 3. The process of claim 2 further comprising the step of shaping the hyaluronan (HA) ester by applying thermal energy to melt-process the ester into a structure-shape.
- 4. The process of claim 2 further comprising the steps of:
 - (a) shaping the hyaluronan (HA) ester into a structure-shape; and
 - (b) performing a saponification substantially removing acyl groups, $-CH_3(CH_2)_NCO$, and the cetyltrimethyl ammonium salt groups, -CTA, from the hyaluronan (HA) ester to produce a regenerated HA.
- 5. The process of claim 4:
 - (a) wherein the step of shaping the hyaluronan (HA) ester comprises further processing the ester into the structure-shape selected from the group consisting of: a plurality of polymer fibers; a generally solid bulk structure; and porous bulk structure, the pores of which are thereafter seeded with animal cells; and
 - (b) further comprising, after the step of performing a saponification, the step of crosslinking the regenerated HA.

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6. The process of claim 1:

(a) wherein the step of performing a silylation reaction comprises silyating an HA-cetyltrimethyl ammonium salt complex, HA-CTA, producing a silyl HAcetyltrimethyl ammonium salt complex; and

(b) further comprising the step of performing a saponification substantially removing acyl groups and the cetyltrimethyl ammonium salt groups, from the hyaluronan (HA) ester to produce a regenerated HA.

7. The process of claim 1:

- (a) wherein the step of performing an acylation reaction comprises introducing the acid chloride having been selected from aliphatic acyl groups consisting of: Hexanoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₄COCl; Octanoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₆COCl; Decanoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₈COCl; Lauroyl, CH₃(CH₂)₁₀COCl; Palmitoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₁₄COCl; and Stearoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COCl; and
- (b) further comprising the step of shaping the hyaluronan (HA) ester into a structure-shape while crosslinking the hyaluronan (HA) ester.
- 8. A process for producing a hyaluronan (HA) ester, the process comprising the steps of:
 - (a) performing a silylation reaction on an HA-cetyltrimethyl ammonium salt complex, HA-CTA; and
 - **(b)** performing an acylation reaction on the silyl HA-cetyltrimethyl ammonium salt complex using an acid chloride selected from the group consisting of: Hexanoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₄COCl; Octanoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₆COCl; Decanoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₈COCl; Lauroyl, CH₃(CH₂)₁₀COCl; Palmitoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₁₄COCl; and Stearoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COCl.
- 9. The process of claim 8 further comprising the step of:
 - (a) shaping the hyaluronan (HA) ester into a structure-shape selected from the group consisting of: a plurality of polymer fibers; a generally solid bulk structure; and porous bulk structure; and
 - (b) performing a saponification substantially removing acyl groups and the cetyltrimethyl ammonium salt groups, from the hyaluronan (HA) ester to produce a regenerated HA.
- 10. A hyaluronan (HA) ester produced from an acylated silyl HA-cetyltrimethyl ammonium salt complex, wherein an acylation agent is used in producing the complex and comprises an acid chloride selected from the group consisting of: Hexanoyl,

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CH₃(CH₂)₄COCl; Octanoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₆COCl; Decanoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₈COCl; Lauroyl, CH₃(CH₂)₁₀COCl; Palmitoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₁₄COCl; and Stearoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COCl.

- 11. The hyaluronan (HA) ester of claim 10 crosslinked and shaped into a structure-shape selected from the group consisting of: a plurality of polymer fibers; a generally solid bulk structure; and porous bulk structure.
- 12. The hyaluronan (HA) ester of claim 10 shaped into a structure-shape that is saponified into a regenerated HA form; the structure-shape integrated with a component.
- 13. A structure-shape comprising hyaluronan (HA) that has been returned to a regenerated HA state by saponification of a melt-processable hyaluronan (HA) ester; the melt-processable hyaluronan (HA) ester having been first produced from an acylated silyl HA-cetyltrimethyl ammonium salt complex; wherein an acylation agent comprising an acid chloride, was used in producing the acylated silyl HA-cetyltrimethyl ammonium salt complex.
- 14. The structure-shape of claim 13 shaped by applying thermal energy to melt-process the hyaluronan (HA) ester into the structure-shape selected from the group consisting of: a plurality of polymer fibers; a generally solid bulk structure; and porous bulk structure; and wherein the acid chloride is selected from the group consisting of: Hexanoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₄COCl; Octanoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₆COCl; Decanoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₈COCl; Lauroyl, CH₃(CH₂)₁₀COCl; Palmitoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₁₄COCl; and Stearoyl, CH₃(CH₂)₁₆COCl.
- 15. The structure-shape of claim 13 shaped by applying pressure to the ester; wherein the structure is selected from the group consisting of: a plurality of polymer fibers; a generally solid bulk structure; and porous bulk structure.